DO NOT BREAK THE SEAL OF THE BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

QUESTION BOOKLET   SERIES II

Subject : General English, Library Science

BOOKLET SERIAL NO.	190058	Marks : 300
		Time : 3 (three) hours

Read the following instructions carefully before you
begin to answer the questions.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This booklet contains **150 questions** to be answered in a separate OMR Answer Sheet using Black Ball Pen in following two parts.

    Part-A-General English : 50 questions, Part-B-Library Science : 100 questions.

2. All Questions are compulsory.

3. You will be supplied the Answer sheet separately by the invigilator. You must complete the details of particulars asked for.

4. Answers must be shown by completely blackening the corresponding circles in the Answer Sheet against the relevant question number by Black Ball Pen. OMR Answer Sheet without marking series/ double series marking shall not be evaluated.

Example :

Supposing the following question is asked :-

The Capital of Meghalaya is-
A. Guwahati
B. Kohima
C. Shillong
D. Delhi

You will have four alternatives in the Answer Sheet for your response corresponding to each question of the Question Booklet as below :-

Ⓐ Ⓑ Ⓒ Ⓓ

In the above illustration, if your chosen response is alternative C i.e. Shillong, then the same should be marked on the Answer Sheet by blackening the relevant circle with a Black Ball Point Pen only as below :-

Ⓐ Ⓑ ● Ⓓ

WHICH IS THE ONLY CORRECT METHOD OF ANSWERING :

5. Answer the questions as quickly and as carefully as you can. Some questions may be difficult and others easy. Do not spend too much time on any one question.

6. There will NOT be any negative marking for wrong answers.

7. The Answer Sheet must be handed over to the invigilator before you leave the Examination Hall.

8. No rough work is to be done on the Answer Sheet. Space for rough work has been provided in the question booklet.

PART - A - GENERAL ENGLISH

Marks :100

Each question carries 2 marks :

Section-I

A. Choose the correct option to fill the gaps :

1. Coal has become dearer _____ the end of last year.
a) from   b) for
c) since   d) to

2. Conversation was carried on _____ whispers.
a) on   b) by
c) away   d) in

3. She said that she was feeling sick _____ heart.
a) of   b) in
c) at   d) to

4. Julia resembles _____ her mother.
a) with   b) after
c) no preposition is needed   d) to

5. You are trying to drag me _____ a controversy.
a) in   b) into
c) from   d) for

6. This accommodation is not adequate _____ the needs of our family.
a) upto   b) on
c) to   d) for

7. The young boy was enchanted _____ the beauty of the girl.
a) with   b) by
c) of   d) in

8. He is out of step _____ modern life.
a) in   b) into
c) with   d) on

9. The Hindustan Times aspires to have a million readers _____ the next year.
a) by   b) till
c) until   d) through

10. Monkeys live _____ trees.
a) on   b) upon
c) in   d) into

11. They wanted advice _____ how they could procure funds for their new business.
a) about   b) to
c) for   d) on

12. You are advised to learn this lesson word _____ word.
a) for   b) by
c) to   d) in

13. Each boy and each girl was presented _____ sweets.
a) no preposition is needed   b) with
c) to   d) for

14. The amazing thing about Gandhiji was that he adhered _____ his ideals and to his conception of truth.
a) on   b) against
c) for   d) to

15. Oil does not blend _____ water any more than iron floats on it.
a) into   b) in
c) with   d) no preposition is needed

16. An educated man should know what is first rate in those activities which spring _____ the creative and intellectual faculties of human nature.
a) from   b) out of
c) to   d) on

17. Bangs alternate _____ crashes.
a) no preposition is needed   b) with
c) from   d) in

18. The roof collapsed and the people sitting _____ it were killed.
a) under
b) below
c) beneath
d) behind

19. With this percentage of marks, you are not eligible _____ admission.
a) to
b) of
c) for
d) on

20. I instilled my ideas _____ his mind.
a) into
b) in
c) upto
d) over

21. He craved _____ my forgiveness.
a) of
b) for
c) to
d) on

22. He was advised by his father to withdraw _____ the contest.
a) against
b) from
c) to
d) no preposition is needed

23. I beg to differ _____ you on the subject
a) from
b) with
c) to
d) for

24. His comments were almost irrelevant _____ the topic of the evening.
a) for
b) to
c) on
d) about

25. The cat is hiding from us _____ the table.
a) below
b) beneath
c) at
d) under

Section-II

B. Choose the correct sentence :

26. a) Now that you had deserted me, I shall have nothing to do with you in future.
b) Now that you have deserted me I shall have nothing to do with you in future.
c) Now that you will have deserted me I have nothing to do with you in future.
d) Now that you have deserted me I have nothing do with you in the future.

27. a) The plea for a separate state is too serious a matter to be treated lightly.
b) The plea for a separate state is too serious matter to be treated lightly.
c) The plea for a separate state is too serious a matter to treat lightly.
d) The plea for a separate state is too serious matter be treated lightly.

28. a) Some of the deadly diseases was controlled.
b) Some of the deadly diseases were controlled.
c) Some of the deadly diseases were control.
d) Some of the deadly diseases was control.

29. a) I had hardly reached home when it would start raining.
b) Hardly had I reached home then it started raining.
c) Hardly had I reached home and it started raining.
d) Hardly had I reached home when it started raining.

30. a) As soon as the bell rang, the boys rushed out of the classrooms.
b) As soon as the bell rang and the boys rushed out of the classrooms.
c) As soon as the bell did ring, the boys rushed out of the classrooms.
d) As soon as the bell rang than the boys rushed out of the classrooms.

31. a) No sooner did the child saw the dog it ran away.
b) No sooner did the child see the dog then it ran away.
c) No sooner did the child see the dog than it ran away.
d) No sooner the child saw the dog, it ran away.

32. a) He is the man whom met me yesterday.
b) He is a man who met me yesterday.
c) He is the man who met me yesterday.

d) He the man is who met me yesterday.

33. a) I asked my mother if I can out with my friend.
b) I asked my mother if I could go out with my friend.
c) I asked my mother whether if I could go out with my friend.
d) I asked my mother whether I can go out with my friend.

34 a) Had there been no rains, there would had a drought.
b) Had there been no rains, there would had been a drought.
c) Had there been no rains, there would have been a drought.
d) Had there been any rains, there would have been a drought.

35. a) He told them that he could not attend the office as he is sick.
b) He told them that he cannot attend the office as he was sick.
c) He told them that he could not attend the office as he was sick.
d) He told that he might not attend the office as he was sick.

Section-III

C. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below following the instruction :

There is no reason to believe that there are fundamental differences between the East and the West. Human beings are basically the same everywhere. The differences, which undoubtedly are significant, are related to external, social conditions.

East and West are relative terms. They are geographical expressions and not cultural types. The differences among countries like China, India, and Japan are quite as significant as those among European or American Countries. These differences are of specific cultural patterns with distinctive beliefs and habits developed in different regions in relative isolation from one another. There were periods when China and India were preeminent in cultural affairs, others when Western nations aided by scientific developments have dominated the East.

The world has now reached a stage of intercommunication. All societies are fast becoming industrialised and new sets of values are springing up. If we are to live together in peace we must develop international cooperation and understanding.

36. **During the last four centuries**
a) the eastern nations have dominated the western countries
b) the western nations have dominated the eastern countries
c) the western countries have dominated the eastern countries with the help of scientific development
d) the eastern countries have dominated the western countries in the religious field

37. **The world has now reached a stage of**
a) lack of communication
b) inter-communication
c) inter-dependence
d) none of the above

38. **For living in peace**
a) both national and international understanding must be made
b) international organisation must be strengthened
c) there must be intercommunication between the nations
d) international co-operation and understanding must be developed

39. **The differences between human beings are**
a) fundamental
b) not important because they are external, temporary and of social conditions.
c) permanent
d) none of the above

40. **East and West are**
a) similar in all respects
b) opposite in all respects
c) relative terms, geographical expressions and not cultural types
d) relative terms, geographical expressions and cultural types

Section-IV

D. Choose the correct meaning for the phrases given below :

41. **No love lost between them** means
a) to have a fight
b) to dislike each other
c) to be as friendly as ever
d) to be upset

42. **To take stock of** means
a) to imagine
b) to supply
c) to survey
d) to attract

43. **Wolf in sheep's clothing** means
a) to act on the sly
b) to be a good actor
c) to be a hypocrite
d) to be money-minded or materialistic

44. **Wink at** means
a) to tease somebody
b) to like someone
c) to avoid taking notice of
d) to stare at

45. **To get one's back up** means
a) to become irritated
b) to sit straight
c) to act proud
d) to give support

46. **To talk shop** means
a) to talk a lot
b) to use phrases peculiar to one's employment
c) to like to shop
d) to lie

47. **To plough the sands** means
a) to be extremely accomplished
b) to be resourceful
c) to be dejected
d) to busy oneself in an unprofitable proposition

48. **To run in the same groove** means
a) to have a pleasant time
b) to run away from somebody
c) to be in the same situation
d) to advance in harmony

49. **Our transatlantic cousins** means
a) foreign relatives
b) friendly neighbours
c) used by British for Americans
d) people living across the Atlantic

50. **Crocodile tears** means
a) hypocritical tears
b) to sincerely use something
c) to get hysterical
d) tears cause due to presence of ammonia in something

PART - B - LIBRARY SCIENCE

Marks : 200

Each question carry 2 marks :

51. National Library for Visual Handicapped is situated in
a) Mumbai   b) Mysore
c) New Delhi   d) Dehradun

52. SCOPUS is a
a) Full text Database
b) Abstracts and Citation Database
c) Numerical Database
d) None of the above

53. NACLIN is sponsored by
a) INFLIBNET   b) DELNET
c) AGRINET   d) CALIBNET

54. Zero based budget is concerned with
a) Present   b) Past
c) Future   d) Remote future

55. Headquarter of National Centre for Science Information (NCSI)
a) Hyderabad   b) New Delhi
c) Bangalore   d) Kolkata

56. Physical conditions of books should be properly maintained. This is known as
a) Collation   b) Conservation
c) Shelf arrangement   d) Binding

57. Payments for the books purchased can be made only after
a) Duplicate checking
b) Accessioning
c) Physical verification of books
d) Processing of books

58. Johann Gutenberg is well known for
a) Bibliographies
b) Printing Machine
c) Reference sources
d) Computers

59. International Standard Bibliographic Description (ISBD) was adopted in the year
a) 1970   b) 1971
c) 1972   d) 1973

60. Posting the right person at the right place is called
a) Recruitment   b) Employed
c) Induction   d) Deployment

61. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the then Union Education Minister formally declared one of the following Libraries open to the Public in 1951.
a) National Science Library, New Delhi
b) National Library for deaf-mute, Dehradun
c) National Library, Calcutta
d) Saraswathi Mahal Library, Thanjavur

62. State public libraries are run by
a) Community and rural development department
b) Arts & culture
c) Directorate of higher and technical Education
d) General administration department

63. The state central library was handed by the Assam government to the Meghalaya government in the year
a) 1972   b) 1974
c) 1975   d) 1976

64. Which of the following software is useful for word processing ?
a) DBASE   b) LIBSYS
c) WordStar   d) CDS/ISIS

65. Which of the following prescribed certain standards for library binding?
a) ILA   b) ALA
c) BLA   d) NBT

66. The marketing concepts in Library Service include
a) analysis, planning, implementation and control

b) advertising, planning, analysis and control

c) distribution, control, analysis, implementation

d) Indexing, planning, control and implementation

67. Information retrieval is fastest from
a) Floppy Disk   b) Magnetic Tape
c) Hard Disk   d) None of the above

68. In which five year plan the INFLIBNET was established?
a) Fourth five year plan
b) Fifth five year plan
c) Sixth five year plan
d) Seventh five year plan

69. Which of the following is the journal of Library and Information Science ?
a) Abacus
b) Acta numerica
c) Interlending and Document supply
d) All of above

70. The Electronic Library is
a) A Magazine
b) A Journal Name
c) A Library
d) None of the above

71. The concept of Selective Dissemination of Information (SDI) was introduced by
a) Kaiser   b) Luhn of IBM
c) S.R. Ranganathan   d) Derek Austin

72. The book 'Library Administration' was brought out by Ranganathan in
a) 1925   b) 1933
c) 1931   d) 1935

73. The term Lexicography is associated with
a) Compilation of Encyclopedia
b) Compilation of Hand books
c) Compilation of Dictionaries
d) None of the above

74. Which code is not used for storing the data?
a) Source code   b) Barcode

c) QRCode   d) All

75. FRBR is related to
a) Classification   b) Research
c) Cataloging   d) None

76. Example of Volatile memory is
a) ROM   b) RAM
c) HDD   d) ALL

77. BARC is located at
a) Delhi   b) Kolkata
c) Gandhinagar   d) Mumbai

78. UDC was designed in
a) 1905   b) 1900
c) 1902   d) 1907

79. How many layers in OSI model?
a) 6   b) 7
c) 9   d) 10

80. IFLA was established in
a) 1928   b) 1927
c) 1921   d) 1923

81. In MARC-21 format 020 is used for
a) Title Entry
b) Resource Type Entry
c) Standard Number Entry
d) Author Entry

82. Practically which system responds faster ?
a) GUI   b) Text based
c) Remote login based d) None

83. Which one is the citation analysis tool ?
a) Scopus   b) Web of Science
c) Google Scholar   d) All

84. Library and Information Science abstract is published by ?
a) ProQuest   b) IFLA
c) RELX   d) NONE

85. The theory propounded by Abraham Maslow is
a) Hierarchy of needs b) Information needs

c) Scientific Theory   d) All

86. Which of the following is having a unique classification scheme ?
a) Copyright   b) Patent
c) Trade Mark   d) None

87. 'Canon of Characteristics' is part of
a) Verbal plane   b) Notational plane
c) Idea plane   d) Structural plane

88. ORCID
a) Researcher Profile   b) Database
c) e-journal   d) None

89. Blog is an application of
a) Read only   b) Read & Write
c) Read, Write, Guided   d) None

90. World Book Day
a) 21 April   b) 22 April
c) 23 April   d) None

91. Metadata is of _____ types.
a) 2   b) 4
c) 6   d) 8

92. Annals of Library and Information Studies is published by
a) UGC Info NET   b) NISCAIR
c) IASLIC   d) INFLIBNET

93. The literary warrant concept was formulated by
a) E W Hulme   b) H E Bliss
c) J D Brwon   d) S R Ranganathan

94. Jimmy Wales created the
a) WhatsApp   b) YouTube
c) GSDL   d) Wikipedia

95. Following which one is complementary to citation-based metrics?
a) Bibliometrics   b) Scientometrics
c) Altmetrics   d) None

96. The Fourteen Principles in Management is given by

a) Fayol   b) Taylor
c) Willson   d) None

97. Perl is used for writing the
a) Eprint   b) Koha
c) Dspace   d) SOUL

98. Which of the following is MOOCs platform ?
a) SWAYAM   b) NPTEL
c) edX   d) All

99. HathiTrust is a
a) Rule Book   b) Repository
c) Website   d) All

100. T J Allen has coined the term
a) Library Technology
b) Technological Gatekeeper
c) Management Information System
d) None

101. Zero Based Budgeting system was given by
a) Peter Phyor   b) Peter Druker
c) Marshall L   d) None

102. Path Goal Theory was given by
a) Robert House   b) White House
c) New York Times   d) Taylor

103. Theory of Suicide was introduced by
a) M Delphi   b) Kesser M
c) L M Termon   d) Emile Durkheim

104. "What you see what you get" is related to
a) Processing   b) Saving
c) Printing   d) None

105. Library on Wheel term was induced by
a) S R Ranganathan   b) Gopinath
c) C A Cutter   d) None

106. Shannon and Weaver related to
a) Psycho-biology of language An introduction to dynamic philosophy
b) Information is data of value to decision making

c) Mathematical Theory of Information
d) Bradford's Law of Information

107. Which law of the Library Science, as enunciated by Dr. Ranganathan, covered the words children, blind and the crippled, artisans, neo-literates, farmers, factory workers, and many more under the ambience of Public Library Service ?
a) First Law   b) Second Law
c) Fourth Law   d) Fifth Law

108. Berne Convention and Universal Copyright Convention was revised in Paris in
a) 1949   b) 1952
c) 1971   d) 1931

109. The First and Oldest University Library was established in British India at
a) University of Delhi
b) Calcutta University
c) Aligarh Muslim University
d) University of Madras

110. George Kingsely Zipf related to
a) Psycho-biology of language An introduction to dynamic philosophy
b) Mathematical Theory of Information
c) Information is data of value to decision making
d) Bradfords Law of Information

111. Reference and information service is most relevant to
a) Referral Service b) SDI
c) CAS   d) Retrospective searching

112. Identify the correct sequence of the emergence of the following storage media.
a) Paper, Micro card, Magnetic tape, Clay tablet.
b) Magnetic tape, Clay tablet, Paper, Micro card.
c) Clay tablet, Paper, Micro card, Magnetic tape.
d) Micro card, Magnetic tape, Clay tablet, paper.

113. The term Cyberspace was first used by
a) Andrew Pollock   b) William Gibson
c) John Postal   d) Joe Flower

114. Libraries as Gateways to Knowledge is the title of the document of
a) National Information Policy, 1986
b) Information Technology Act, 2000
c) National Knowledge Commission on Libraries, 2007
d) None of the above

115. INSDOC has been merged with NISCOM and is now known as
a) DELNET   b) NISCAIR
c) DESIDOC   d) NASSDOC

116. JSTOR is an online system for archiving and accessing academic journals. It is located in
a) Germany   b) UK
c) USA   d) Budapest

117. Handling of Information in the sense of production is called
a) Information Marketing
b) Information Industry
c) Information Production
d) Information Revolution

118. The invisible web refers to
a) The internet, since we cannot see it
b) That part of the internet, which is hidden from the search engines
c) The telecommunication signals which are not seen
d) The failure in accessing the web pages

119. Who is the propounder of the term information transfer ?
a) Ranganathan   b) J. Martin
c) Beesman   d) Calvin Moores

120. Today information is regarded as which of the following ?
a) Wealth   b) Commodity
c) Products   d) All

121. What is the Thesaurus ?
a) A collection of selected terminology
b) Synonymous terms
c) List of words
d) All

122. Cumulative book index is published from
a) India   b) USA
c) Canada   d) Thailand

123. Facts of File is weekly digest of
a) Indian events   b) American events
c) World events   d) England events

124. Who is the author of "Dictionary of anonymous and pseudonymous literature"
a) S. Halkett & J. Laing
b) Robert Proctor
c) Ralph De sols
d) Hanuman Sastri

125. Compton year book contains
a) Political events   b) Cultural events
c) Outstanding events   d) Economic events

126. Which of the following is a multi-subject gateway ?
a) Renardus   b) Humbul
c) Sapling   d) EdWEb

127. What is world of learning ?
a) Directory   b) Encyclopedia
c) Dictionary   d) Year book

128. Abstracting service provides
a) Abstract of articles
b) Whole bibliographic description of articles
c) Whole bibliographic description along with abstracts of article
d) Whole bibliographic sources

129. Feedback mechanism is a part of which service ?
a) Reprography service   b) CAS
c) Translation service   d) SDI

130. How many Auxiliary tables are there in DDC 23rd Edition ?

a) 5   b) 6
c) 7   d) 8

131. Who is the publishers of Sear's list of subject headings
a) Dr. S.R.Ranganathan   b) Brown
c) H.W.Wilson   d) C.A.Cutter

132. What are the four entity of FRBR model?
a) Personality, Matter, Energy, Space
b) Work, Expression, Manifestation, Item
c) Book, Form, Availability, Type
d) Discipline, Entity, Action, Personality

133. TQM is a system of continuous improvement employing participative management and centered on needs of the _____
a) Customers   b) Staff
c) Organization   d) Government

134. POSDCORB is related to
a) Library administration
b) Library reference service
c) Library cataloguing
d) Library automation

135. Study carrels are exclusive areas meant for
a) Students   b) Public
c) Women   d) Researchers

136. Intellectual Property Rights(IPR) covers
i) Patents   ii) Computer Programmes
iii) Music   iv) Classroom Lecturer

Codes :
a) (i), (ii), (iii) are correct.
b) (ii), (iii), (iv) are correct.
c) (i), (ii), (iv) are correct.
d) (i), (iii), (iv) are correct.

137. UNIMARC was developed by
a) UNESCO   b) IFLA
c) FID   d) Library of Congress

138. DSpace was developed at
a) Katipo Communications Ltd, New Zealand
b) University of Waikato, New Zealand.

c) Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) libraries & Hewlett-Packard labs
d) Wikimedia Foundation

139. Which of the following sections of the 'Right to Information Act', 2005 (India) grants exemption from disclosure of information ?
a) Section-5(2)   b) Section-6
c) Section-8   d) Sections-11

140. In which of the following the term "Truncation" is used
a) Budgeting
b) Search Formulation
c) Coordination
d) Classified bibliography

141. Who said 'some books are to be tasted, others to be swallowed and some few to be chewed and digested' ?
a) John Milton   b) William Jones
c) Francis Bacon   d) Benjamin Franklin

142. Pi is the e-book reading device by
a) Infibeam   b) Sony
c) Amazon   d) Nokia

143. 'Cranfield Studies' are an example of
a) Survey Research
b) Experimental Research
c) Historical Research
d) Case Study

144. The term "Information Science" came into existence in this year :
a) 1988   b) 1959
c) 1961   d) 1975

145. An Invisible college is a typical example of
a) Informal channels of communication
b) Formal channels of communication
c) Both (a) and (b)
d) None of the above

146. Who had given the Minimal, Middling and Maximum theories of reference service ?

a) C. M. Winchell   b) S. R. Ranganathan
c) James I Wyer   d) Samuel Rothstein

147. PERT was developed by
a) The Navy special project office
b) Booz Allen Hamelton
c) Both (a) and (b)
d) None of the above

148. The 12 rules for relational database were given by
a) Larvy Page   b) Linus Tolward
c) J. Bill Gates   d) Edgar. F. Codd

149. Million Book Project was initiated by
a) Pittsburg University
b) Carnegie Mellon University
c) MIT, USA
d) Michigan University

150. All part and pages of a volume are correctly sequenced in the first stage of binding process known as ?
a) Sewing   b) Guard
c) Pulling   d) Collation